

קד

והנני מביא בזה... ואלו הן המצוות... ואלו הן המצוות... ואלו הן המצוות...

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Amsterdam



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che, comprandom nell' istessa giursa dei Kaiser. Thaler, vorrete aver
labonta di rimettere totalmente da Kephah al Rabbino Maad, Mennum
di Kolol Perushim, seguente l' inchiusa settima lettera, che ugualmente
vorrete giungere alle rimess.

Ma anch' oggi vi pregamo voler avere ogni cura ai punti indiritto
e principalmente di mandare e rimettere separatamente ad ognuno
il di suo colla lettera ma non a meno anche la parte o la lettera
pell' altro.

Godete le benedizioni del Cielo quanto vi auguriamo
D. V. S. M. amici

P. Sedini ed Amarakim della citta santa
in 1713, residenti in Amsterdam.

P.S.

Per certo non e bisogno che noi vi raccomandiamo voler assicurare
le rimess, quanto l' avete gia fatto di manari.

Tocante gli spesi di Posta di questa presente lettera, vi pregamo voler
farne l'partizione seguente la proporzione, in tal giursa, caricando S. A. B.

La 4 letter N. 1 a 4 pelle quattro citta ai Sephardim nella somma di #4142	
la lettera " 5 per Ashkenazim de giurusalem	593
" " " 6 " " " Kephah " " "	494.10
e la lettera " 7 al Rabbino Maad " idem " " "	200.-

Vi pregamo finalmente di voler raccomandare al Vro Corrispondente che abbia ogni
cura possibile che si faccia subito l' spedizione perche e un' gran incomoditate che si fa
per la mala condotta che si fa in Amsterdam con tanto tempo che avremo potute di fare certan da Coli.

שלום וברכה

שלום וברכה

הנני מקבלת את האות והתשובה אשר שלחתי לך והנני מקבלת את כל אשר
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המכתב הזה... מכתב זה...

ענין הדפוס... מכתב זה...

וזהו המכתב... מכתב זה...

ענין הדפוס... מכתב זה...

מכתב זה... מכתב זה...

H. Lehmann in Amsterdam.

מכתב זה... מכתב זה...

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יום ה' טו' סיון תקצ"א

תק"ע סיון

ועם זכרון לאסוף התנוה היקרה והנפלה... וכן וזכרון לאסוף התנוה היקרה והנפלה... וכן וזכרון לאסוף התנוה היקרה והנפלה...

יום א' ט"ו סיון תקצ"א

א' ט"ו סיון

ועם זכרון לאסוף התנוה היקרה והנפלה... וכן וזכרון לאסוף התנוה היקרה והנפלה... וכן וזכרון לאסוף התנוה היקרה והנפלה...

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יום ה' טו' סיון תקצ"א

תק"ע סיון

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הנה כי כל המעשה הזה הוא על פי דעתו של ה' וכל המעשה הזה הוא על פי דעתו של ה'
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H. Lehman Amsterdam

Numm. de l'Etat	Jour	de l'Etat	Numm. de l'Etat	Jour	de l'Etat	de l'Etat
12347	1826	9 July 1830	18608	1827	7.3	July 1830
12464	"	10 July 1830	18609	"	7.3	"
12464	"	9 July 1830	18610	"	"	"
12465	"	10 July 1830	18611	"	"	"
12465	"	9 July 1830	18612	"	"	"
12466	"	10 July 1830	18613	"	"	"
12466	"	9 July 1830	18614	"	"	"
12467	"	10 July 1830	18615	"	"	"
12467	"	9 July 1830	18616	"	"	"
12468	"	10 July 1830	18617	"	"	"
12469	"	9 July 1830	22192	1828	5.6	"
12469	"	10 July 1830	22193	"	"	"
12470	"	9 July 1830	22194	"	"	"
12470	"	10 July 1830	22195	"	"	"
12471	"	9 July 1830	22197	"	"	"
12471	"	10 July 1830	23484	1829	3 4	"
12472	"	9 July 1830	13256	1823	16	July 1831
12472	"	10 July 1830	13186	1827	9	"
12473	"	9 July 1830	13185	"	"	"
12473	"	10 July 1830	13262	"	"	"
12474	"	9 July 1830	13263	"	"	"
12474	"	10 July 1830	13500	"	"	"
13519	"	9 July 1830	13593	"	"	"
13519	"	10 July 1830	13596	"	"	"
13529	"	9 July 1830	21903	1828	7	"
13529	"	10 July 1830	21904	"	7	"
13590	"	9 July 1830	21905	"	"	"
13590	"	10 July 1830	21906	"	"	"
18039	1827	7 July 1830	21917	"	"	"
18039	"	8 July 1830	21919	"	"	"
18090	"	7 July 1830	21920	"	"	"
18090	"	8 July 1830	21921	"	"	"
18091	"	7 July 1830	21922	"	"	"
18091	"	8 July 1830	21923	"	"	"
18092	"	7 July 1830	21924	"	"	"
18092	"	8 July 1830	21925	"	"	"
18237	"	7 July 1830	21926	"	"	"
18237	"	8 July 1830	21927	"	"	"
18607	"	7 July 1830	33833	1823	16	"
18607	"	8 July 1830	33840	"	"	"
	"	7 July 1830	118869		4	July 1831
	"	8 July 1830	118870		4	"

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שנת תש"א
לשנת ה'תש"א חמשה עשר אלפים תש"א
לשנת ה'תש"א חמשה עשר אלפים תש"א

שנה אברהם ז"ל ואלו המעשרים אשר יצאו ממנו ואלו
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ע"פ דעת הרב המורה נבוכדנאסר

ואם יצא ממנו מעשרים ארבעים שנה אחת ומעשרים
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י"ב טו / תש"א

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*Al Signor Giacomo Minerva
Frate*

*14 Giu 1891
26 Maggio*

La ultima notte a V. S. era del 27 Tar, coprendo 7 lettere ed una vigilia di
Cambio di 200 di Vienna p. 13 Quira per esporsi ugualmente rimessa la valuta in
Kaiser. Ho quanto avevano la libreta di prevaricarsi. Coll'istesse lettere mi



pregavamo (in alterazione della n^{ra} precedente) di tornare a guardar alla n^{ra} disposizione la 16 parte della valuta in Kas. It. dei # 593, destinati per tre Memummin da Saphet, che dunque riceveranno solamente la valuta di # 494.10. Riferendoci a tutto questo, avevamo per l'altro il piacere d'esser onorati dalle Compit. V^{re} del 13 Maggio sui riscontri alla quale vediamo con moltissime Gioja quanto offriamo volente la V^{ra} degna persona nell'occupazione per Ferrara, e cio che ci incoraggia dunque d'aspirarci per tutto l'avvenire, e gradite che ven auguriamo da ricompensa le benedizioni del Cielo, anche perche eravate cosi pronto nel dar gia gli Ordini al V^{ro} corrispondente in Alessandria nella spedizione della Hypotheca romana.

Nondimeno, caro amico! doviamo ricorrenza alle n^{re} precedenti nelle quali vi pregavamo non rimettere punto le somme senza giungerci le nostre rispettive lettere, inchiede dunque nell'ultima nostra; pero tena soviamo che in questa doggetta volta eravate forse troppo pronto, perche è troppo che vi offerviamo sapere da racconto di Sulehima che i Maestri di Novelli non danno raramente attenzione al spedir pronto lettere senza banari e sovente arrivano molto piu tardi o non arrivano punto, cosa che vi preghiamo dunque d'espudamente sforzarvi di prevenirle, ma che abbiate ogni cura nella pronta spedizione anche delle lettere e loro arrivo a tempo. Contenga le lettere anche molte altre e le divisioni special. e ogni somma principal. mente e i d'uso il loro pronto arrivo locato la detta 16 parte di Memummin da Saphet devono riceverne, quando sapete adesso.

Dunque doviamo sperar che quanto si avevamo savuto d'averne l'altro che nelle V^{re} disposizioni e quanto del presente della n^{ra} precedente) si sia viene pronto in Alessandria nella spedizione, perche ha ancora tempo affai nella recapitazione e in arrivare no: lettere per andar dunque a spone alle rimesse.

In ogni caso vorrete dubito dar notizia al V^{ro} corrispondente, che in vece di rimettere la valuta di # 593 ai detti Memummin, ne sostituisce adesp 16 parte perche non riceveranno che # 494.10. -

22 Swan
3 Giugno

Cre State turbate questa lettera perche giudicavamo questo Saphet promissato anche una scrittura da V^{ro} quanto al ricevuto promesso, sendo, di trovarsi subito e darvi conto dell'operazione. Ora siamo quest'oggi onorati colla Comp. V^{re} 11 Swan, riscontate con allegrezza quanto e allegroan sempre la scrittura V^{re} 23 Maggio.

Ma si desiosa moltissimo che contenga cio che avevamo ragguar. di trovare, vedendo che le rimesse sono gia inadattate giacche non lettere si trovano anche ora nelle mani di V^{ro} e che non ed ancora pronto uno secondo bastimento per partire e chi mai sa quanto puo anche piu tardarsi questo, e quei che viaver dovanno le rimesse non danno punto per che sono destinate i banari d'una prospera nostra lettera nell'istesso tempo. Per quanto toca le rimesse nelle 4 Congregazioni d'Esardine, è questo il provvisto della nostra collezione come all'ordinario, ma quelle per Persiani di generalissime e Moschini

di Saphet non sono punto l'ordinario danaro per Terra Santa, ma destinate per oggetti differenti e separate; e sentite dunque quanto gran diversione deve provenire dal ricevere le rimesse senza aspettarvi giunte le lettere.

Vi piaceva osservare che la nostra Carta non vi preveniva di aspettare le suddette lettere per far le rimesse ad Alessandria; voliate, caro signore, scusarano la refutazione e permettervi di ripetervi le solite nostre parole, che erano:

« Nel prossimo vi manderemo anche qualche lettera che, mediante Vra
 « Compiacenza, dovranno esser giunte all'inchiusa rimessa, che prealabilmente
 « vi mandiamo adesso, finché potete accomodarvi dinanzi col nuovo spiro
 « dell'inchiusa rimessa sine arriveranno v're lettere »

Ed intesi che per questo dire volevamo di non rimettere il danaro finché arriveranno le lettere per averlo assieme. Dopo vi piaceva di dirci nella precedente Vra voi stessi:

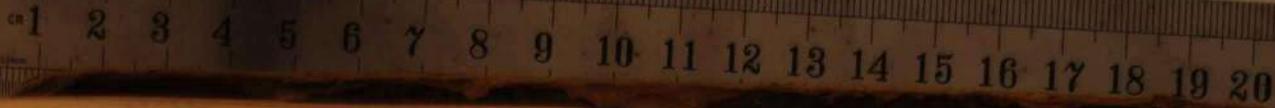
« Non mi sono parve giunte le lettere che dite rimettermi per spedirle
 « assieme alle dette rimesse » Permetteteci dunque di dirvi che per questo
 contestate Vostre, la Vra ultima osservazione.

In conseguenza di tutto ciò, Vogliate ora, Carissimo Amico, per prova di più quanto pigliate a cuore gli affari per Terra Santa, intendere e non seguire ciò che aviamo la libertà di prepararvi, sendo se non siano ancora inoltrate le lettere, di farvi dunque subito informato della mia destinazione in hivorno pronto per partire da Alessandria e di mandare allora le lettere da hivorno, ma ben inteso, osservandone la cura suddetta e farle assicurare; se infatti ne siano spesi straordinari, è meglio il farli pel conto nostro del periodo che senza ciò se ne perdete le lettere.

Ed incaso le lettere siano già inoltrate, vi preghiamo nondimeno di scrivere subito, sia da Costi se vi presenta pronta occasione ovvero da hivorno, al Vro corrispondente che aspetta di rimettere il danaro finché arriveranno le lettere; ma se egli l'avesse già inoltrato senz'aspettare le lettere, allora manda egli le lettere inchiusa qui, una da Gerusalemme e l'altra da Saphet.

E tocca alla Vra altra osservazione, che non ci spicavamo chiaramente, se i 1200 per rimettere in K. T. al Rabbino Tracl di Zephat devono esser rimessi unitamente alli 198.50 Saldo o 1/6 parte dell'1893 primamente debbi d'esso totalmente rimessi ai tre Sr. Illuminissimi di Zephat, oppure se dovete rimettergli solamente i 1200 - non pigliamo che pigliarvi aver la libertà di ligger anche volta la Vra precedente, donde troverete chiaramente che i detti 198.50 dovranno esser guardati in mani Vre alla Vra disposizione e che questa somma non tocca punto quella dei 1200. Vogliate dunque rimettere più prontamente che possibile pure la valuta dei 1200 colla giunta lettera al Rabbino Tracl di Zephat.

Ci dispiace finalmente che non è stata fatta da V. S. quanto calcevole promessa, tanto di darci conto per il prossimo, finché sappiamo quanti li. T. T. para la valuta dei 1196, cosa che ci sarebbe stata ora molto necessaria per comunicarla nell'inchiusa lettera. Abbiate dunque la compiacenza di darci conto per pronta cara risposta a credito che tutto ciò vi chiama carità straordinaria. H. P.



וכן ארבעה עשרת האופנים הנ"ל נחלקים לחמש חלקים ויש להם שתי חלקים נפרדים
 דקדוק וכן יש להם חלקים נפרדים
 וכן ארבעה עשרת האופנים הנ"ל נחלקים לחמש חלקים ויש להם שתי חלקים נפרדים
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 דקדוק וכן יש להם חלקים נפרדים

והנה ענין השם אשר נתקן... ונתקן השם הזה... ונתקן השם הזה... ונתקן השם הזה...

והנה ענין השם אשר נתקן... ונתקן השם הזה... ונתקן השם הזה... ונתקן השם הזה...

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מגוון טקסט צד שמאל

מגוון טקסט צד ימין

הנה האלה וקראתם להם אלהים... ר' חיים טקלען

ר' חיים טקלען

ר' חיים טקלען יזעו... ר' חיים טקלען יזעו... ר' חיים טקלען יזעו...

ר' חיים טקלען יזעו... ר' חיים טקלען יזעו... ר' חיים טקלען יזעו...



Handwritten text in Hebrew script, likely a preface or introduction. The text discusses the nature of the work and its purpose. It begins with 'וזה החיבור' (And this is the work) and continues with several paragraphs of dense cursive handwriting.

J. Sauerby London / **שנת תתקנ"ב**

Main body of handwritten text in Hebrew script. The text appears to be a continuation of the preface, detailing the author's intentions and providing context for the reader. It is written in a clear but dense cursive hand. The text is organized into several paragraphs, with some lines starting with large initials. The handwriting is consistent throughout the page.

Partial view of the adjacent page on the left, showing fragments of Hebrew text written in the same cursive style. These fragments are cut off by the edge of the page.

own occupation.

I suppose however, my presence at Your worthy meeting, be perhaps quite needless, for my former Voyages to many places were only for sake of founding ~~for~~ ^{for} ~~the~~ ^{the} ~~same~~ ^{same} ~~purpose~~ ^{purpose}. Constituting every where one or two directors as a committee of this ~~same~~ ^{same} ~~kind~~ ^{kind} ~~and~~ ^{and} ~~purpose~~ ^{purpose}. But on Your plan a Committee consists already, occupying with the collecting of subscribers for the said ~~same~~ ^{same} ~~kind~~ ^{kind} ~~and~~ ^{and} ~~purpose~~ ^{purpose}, though for one part or end of the town only. Perhaps, and may this be the case, You will feel now, by our qualifications apply, inclined to extend Your endeavors also to the other end, and chiefly to the city itself.

I beg to hand You herewith a copy of a new act of power, & shortly received from the ~~Athenians~~ (called ~~Masabim~~) at ~~Hephath~~ ~~Sebaria~~ and Jerusalem, by which my minority is constituted chief ~~market~~, giving me the power to constitute all other directors, and an especial mention is made therein of London and whole England; we have besides already former constitutions and powers, but as this latter one is revised a new ~~in~~ ⁱⁿ ~~supplement~~ ^{supplement}, I have the honor of transmitting You the same, in order, to persuade You its tenor to be sufficient for our applying to the extension of Your occupations.

We have, it is true, formerly ^{already} given the same Commission to Mr. A. Samson and certainly You will not take amiss our committing only one single person for the purpose, as we have, with respect to this fully ~~obvious~~ ^{obvious} our duty. Since Your institution was founded A.M. 5534, we had a continual entertainment with Your President the Reverend D. Mordechai, in order to act according to the tenor of his published circular in the said year, and to make practice what's theoretically well projected; we at last proposed him also to constitute a Committee, but our whole correspondence on this subject remained, like Your member and secretary knows, a vain attempt. The only consequence of my trouble was a remittance of 500 ~~of~~ ^{of} 100. I since 5536 till A.M. 5590 received for all the Holyland together. This circumstance justifies very much the great joy I felt when seeing Mr. A. Samson and learning by the letters from the Holyland he handed me, his having promised assistance to those unfortunates and his feeling inclined to collect charities in ready money, as well as subscribers not only at London but also in whole England. We consequently proposed to constitute him (according to the manner and style our administrative practices in whole Holland, France and Germany) in the quality of ~~our~~ ^{our} ~~chief~~ ^{chief} ~~collector~~ ^{collector} for the Holyland or whole England. It is however understood, as his only aim is to do well to the unfortunates of the Holyland, that he should have felt himself called to refer and join Your purpose; we are therefore very sorry to hear of his refusal, on account this plan interfered with Yours; then, on this same way, his plan might also be different with the Commission we have given him ourselves, and could he act himself quite beyond its contents. Nevertheless we will not prostitute ourselves by conclusions, but first entertain him on this subject, because ~~concordia~~ ^{concordia} ~~resparvae~~ ^{resparvae} ~~cremunt~~ ^{cremunt}; and if, like we hope, he agrees with our observations, You will undoubtedly find it also reasonable to denominate him Member of Your Committee.

I remain respectfully Yrs. —

Handwritten notes in Hebrew script on the right margin of the page.



אלו תמו תהיה

ע מהשואה שאו יעק אבן עזרה... המכונה החלום והמאוס תיכני קדיש... תמונתו נשפלה... אלו תמו תהיה

רובים זמנים... המכונה החלום והמאוס... תמונתו נשפלה... אלו תמו תהיה... המכונה החלום והמאוס... תמונתו נשפלה... אלו תמו תהיה

Handwritten marginal notes on the left edge of the page, written vertically.

Main body of handwritten text in Hebrew, organized into paragraphs with significant red ink used for initials and headings.

Handwritten marginal notes on the right edge of the page, written vertically.

Handwritten text in Hebrew script, likely a letter or document, written in a cursive style. It occupies the top portion of the page, above the main Italian text.

M. Simon Gharibis Minardi
in Trieste.

19 June 1754

30 Giugno

Signore!

Con moltissima Gioja e soddisfazione aviamo ricevuta la campitissima Vostra lettera ^{16 giugno} 5^o Tamisi, dal cui vediamo che per fortuna N'ed ogni ragione per supporre la sicurezza che la partenza delle nostre rispettive lettere era stata in regola perchè accompagnano le rimesse e che perimenti avete curate la spedizione dei 200 in tante Tallari al Hablino Mail assieme alla lettera N. 7 a lui diretta. Il buon Dio che dimora ha mandata questa fortuna nelle vostre occupazioni per Terra Santa, vi mandara sempre fortuna e benedizione in tutto cio che farete; Gradite, caro Signore, questo auguro nostro in ricompensa delle Vre cure e prontezza ed anche nella rinnovazione del Vostro buon desiderio perchè noi N'impagaremo spesso in queste opere sante.

Molta ringrazioni pel tanto che ci avete dato dell'operazione, e che aviamo trovato giusto.

Aviamo l'onore di rimettervi qui inchiuso uno biglietto di Cambio di 2450^o di Moneta Konigsarter in Vienna 11 Agosto somma che, in tante Tallari, è destinata per l'aphet, ma nella quale vorrete aspettare nostre lettere accompagnate che prossimamente vi manderemo colle prescrizioni ulteriori. N'inviamo vi facciamo questa rimessa per accomodarvi col needprio, e principalmente siamo pronti a dirivervi questa lettera perchè faccia riscontro al vostro desiderio di darvi in nota una casa grande che negozia in grain, eccome due

Osteria
Supper & Pluiter

Ambidue sono conosciute case solide, ma c'è detto che l'ultima è meno facile e trattabile che la prima (è data questa informazione senza nostro pregiudizio.)

Gradite l'aspirazione della nostra amicizia continua

Vertical column of handwritten text in Hebrew script on the right margin of the page.



אשר... וכן... וכל... וזה... וכן... וזה... וכן...

מסכת... ומשנה... ודבור... וזוהר...



LB

Handwritten text in a cursive script, likely a letter or a page from a manuscript. The text is dense and fills most of the page.

Handwritten text at the bottom of the page, possibly a signature or a concluding note.

Handwritten text on the right-hand page, continuing the script from the left page.





Monsieur le Baron Telle Rothschild à Paris.

2 Ab 5591
12 Juillet

Monsieur le Baron!

En date du 13 Par de cette année, nous primes la liberté de vous adresser
^{26. Avril}
notre lettre, contenant les vœux que nous prions à votre noble cœur au
nom et en faveur de nos pauvres et indigens Coreligionnaires dans la
terre sainte.

Sur cette lettre nous n'avions jusqu'à présent à nous réjoindre de votre
chère réplique, ni d'une courtoisie favorable analogue à notre attente,
nous nous tenons persuadés, quelle l'absence de vos occupations aura
été le seul attribut de ce délai et vous aura empêché jusqu'ici de pratiquer
votre bonne volonté.

Permettez donc, Mondr. le Baron, que nous ayons la franchise de vous
adresser encore cette présente à la même fin, en vous priant d'observer
jeter au Camp d'Orvil de Campassin sur les dits infatigables de T.S.,
considérer que tout de nous leur est extrêmement urgent et nous rejoins
en leur faveur de l'une ou l'autre manière de la Charité que votre
noble cœur vous dictera leur accorder.

Après en revanche nos vœux pour la continuation et multiplication
de prospérité dans le bon Dieu veuille vous combler.

Pelidim & M. Marbalein des villes S.
474.

אשר הוציא יידי
היום וברוך אלהים אשר לא יאמר לנו יבוי. בארץ וטובא היתרון בידה היות וסנהא
אלה ואלהים הלא רב ענין ואלה ביימיה. אלה
שם 119 יוני קטעו יד הדעת הלאה כי חסר כל כאן מסק = 119 וביניו אלה אבן קובים שבה מחסובם
וכן 394 אלף אה. בתבואה רבא / מנהא. יפנו למע - 50.4 אלף
מן הובין הנעים רב יט אים חונסאמאן. 36 -
ומן הובין רב מ. כאלו כהדור יפנו למע - 394
וסנה הדורבן מואל לוי והובין החי יפנו למע 326
סך הכל 394
אמרק ברנו ינתן אולת לוי הילקוחות ולי. ורבי. מסק סת / ואולם אחרת דב רב הין מרב איתחיה ביותו הילוך
אמרק מראשית רבא ואוית אום רבאמא מן וואן בי באר רבא אומת אום מואמט סת. אנתל הבאיה אכס הדמיה
בכרית בדמיה סת מואמב עב טחמח הדל ברנו / דל כן אכרל מואל לוי. אפיל מן המאונין דל דט האה סמחוסמא
אלום המניד אנת קובים דתיים לרב ברע ואלו הדבוא אנת טכערין אומת אולם תי / סתק צרות / ומן סעודה ליהוד
רב רבא הרמיה לריוה סעב ואלו רמלמ ווסיל אנת / ללום אום באומ ברק כ אף סת. מפתח אכסו /
ואנת לרלמ מבי לרב אסק מלמ דרתי נען חת מחריו / ואף איו וולא אהמאמ סם הובין סמסאוי באו. ברק געלממא
/ אום כספס רב אכרל. אפ מואן. יפנו הילום אידיוע לרב ברע
/ אום אף לוי ורעו

אשר הוציא יידי
היום וברוך אלהים אשר לא יאמר לנו יבוי. בארץ וטובא היתרון בידה היות וסנהא
אלה ואלהים הלא רב ענין ואלה ביימיה. אלה
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/ אום כספס רב אכרל. אפ מואן. יפנו הילום אידיוע לרב ברע
/ אום אף לוי ורעו

Handwritten text in Hebrew script, likely a letter or document, covering the top half of the page.

Al signor Frasiadio Muerbi in Prato 5. No. 5591

Ci riferiamo all'ultima vostra del 10 Giugno colla quale vi rimettevamo 40.50 Wiener
di 11 Agosto, pregandovi accomodarvene i denari fin che arriviamo nostra provvi-
zion, ed anche le lettere accompagnatorie.

Aviamo dunque l'onore di mandarvi qui inchiusa due lettere N. 1 & 2,
sendo quelle accompagnatorie alle rimesse che in Kais. Falleri vorrete
aver la bontà di fare da laphet dai detti 40.50 ultimamente a Voi rimessi
ed ai quali vorrete aggiungere i 40.50 salda facci noi rimessa
neramo ereditari nell'ultima Vo. carota.

Vi pregamo rimettere da questa somma intiera

883 Kais. Falleri assieme all'inchiusa lettera N. 1
al signor Rabbini Gerson Margulius } Memumme de Kolal.
Haar da Ottite } Askenazim detto Haspshim
e Jacob Rebi Hakohen } da laphet,

ma vogliate nelle lettere che solamente pel rispetto aviamo
messo il primo dei questi signori il nome del Rebi Gellertplatz
non dimeno vi pregamo osservare al Vo. corrispondente in
Alessandria ch'abbia cura di dirizzare il danaro nelle lettere
giustamente nelle mani dell'ultimo signore, sendo Rabbini
Jacob Rebi Hakohen e che la quitteaza a riceverlo incontro
sia assolutamente sottoscritta da lui come anche dai due
altri signori

8395 " " assieme all'inchiusa lettera N. 2
al signore Rabbini Israel, Memumme de Kolal Askenazim
detti Perushim da laphet,
facendovi bene parimente quitteaza da lui incontro.

Vorrete ancora raccomandare al Vo. corrispondente di curare che non
siano date ambedue parti in mani dell'istesso, ma ognuna al suo destino
separato in mani dei due differenti signori prescritti di sopra.

Aspettando sopra questa la cara Vo. risposta col conto specifico e
V'auguriamo le benedizioni del buon Dio
Pekidim o Amarkelim &c.





זהו המלך המשיח

ימנעו כל מי שיש לו חלק בזה המלך המשיח... ויבאו אליו וימנעו ממנו... ויבאו אליו וימנעו ממנו...

לפיכך ימנעו כל מי שיש לו חלק בזה המלך המשיח... ויבאו אליו וימנעו ממנו... ויבאו אליו וימנעו ממנו...

וכפיכך ימנעו כל מי שיש לו חלק בזה המלך המשיח... ויבאו אליו וימנעו ממנו... ויבאו אליו וימנעו ממנו...

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וכפיכך ימנעו כל מי שיש לו חלק בזה המלך המשיח... ויבאו אליו וימנעו ממנו... ויבאו אליו וימנעו ממנו...

וכפיכך ימנעו כל מי שיש לו חלק בזה המלך המשיח... ויבאו אליו וימנעו ממנו... ויבאו אליו וימנעו ממנו...



למלתו וכן נראה על פי פירוש אר"י שם... וכן נראה על פי פירוש אר"י שם... וכן נראה על פי פירוש אר"י שם...

אם אמת וידינו כי שאלו אלו מוכרחים ואלו אלו חסד... ואלו אלו חסד... ואלו אלו חסד...

דבר המהיר... ואלו אלו חסד... ואלו אלו חסד... ואלו אלו חסד...

המלך אשר יושבין בני חסד... ואלו אלו חסד... ואלו אלו חסד...

אשר ל המדינים המושבים את הארץ אשר כל לב... ואלו אלו חסד... ואלו אלו חסד...

המספר על המלך... 29.35... 1.082... 28.262... 3... 1.50... 6... 33.764



הנה תראה כי כל המעשים האלו הם כבוד לאלהים ושלום לברואים

בשם אלהים אבינו אמן

והנה תראה כי כל המעשים האלו הם כבוד לאלהים ושלום לברואים
בשם אלהים אבינו אמן

והנה תראה כי כל המעשים האלו הם כבוד לאלהים ושלום לברואים
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בשם אלהים אבינו אמן

הנה תראה כי כל המעשים האלו הם כבוד לאלהים ושלום לברואים

בשם אלהים אבינו אמן

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בשם אלהים אבינו אמן

הנה ע"כ הנהגה של המלך המשיחית...
 וכן הנהגה של המלך המשיחית...
 והנהגה של המלך המשיחית...

והנהגה של המלך המשיחית...
 והנהגה של המלך המשיחית...
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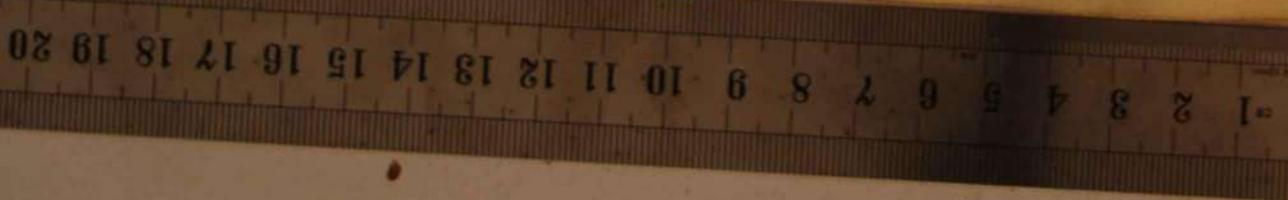
והנהגה של המלך המשיחית...
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 והנהגה של המלך המשיחית...

Handwritten marginal notes on the right side of the page, including phrases like "והנהגה של המלך המשיחית" and other religious or philosophical reflections.



33

אשר באלו ה' אלהיך ה' אלהיך אשר באלו ה' אלהיך ה' אלהיך אשר באלו ה' אלהיך ה' אלהיך

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Handwritten text, possibly a name or title, such as "Signor ...".

Main body of handwritten text, consisting of several paragraphs in a cursive script.

Al signor Graciano Miserchi in Trieste

Autty 11 Ab 5591
21 luglio

Di riteramo all'ultima notte 19 Temmuz
il 11 Agosto, presentarsi a nome di ...
e anche la lettera accompagnatoria

Aviamo dunque l'onore di mandarvi qui inchiuso quattro lettere N. 1 a 4, sendo
quelle accompagnatorie alle rimesse che vorrete aver la bontà di farvi intente. Tali
voci belli per 450 ultimamente a voi rimessi ed aquali vorrete giungere i
139.40 d'alto decui noi rimanevamo creditori nell'ultima Vo. conto.

Vi pregamo fare di questa somma intera la seguente ripartizione e rimetterne
883 L. avari. Tali ari affime all'inchiusa lettera N. 1
ai signori Rabbini Person Margulius }
Maas de Otkel }
e Jacob Kabi Hakohu, da Moschies }
ed alla lettera separata N. 2, diritte al Rabbino Jacob Kabi Hakohu, da Moschies blamat
Memorandum del Rabb. Menasim delli
Hafedim da Safhet





in mani proprii di cui ci piacerebbe molto che questo detto danaro sarebbe
preferabilmente riverso assieme alle due lettere N. 1 & 2, e riposte farsi il piacere
di osservarle al V. corrispondente in Alessandria e che abbia perimente cura
che la quietanza a ricevere incontro sia asplattamente sottoscritta dai due altri
signori come anche da lui.

48 1/4 Kais. Fallari, assieme alla lettera N. 3
al signor Rabbino Salomon Hob, Memorandum de Kolal Mkenaim detto
Hayebim de Tebaria
facendo questa ultima somma la valuta approssimativa (calcolata in
proporzioni del V. ultimo conto) di 883,50, sottratti come 1/6 parte
e guardata in mani di N. S., daccin faccia ora questa detta rimessa da
Tebaria la nostra disposizione. Ma incarico che il vostro corrispondente
in Alessandria abbia già (prima di ricever allora l'ultima lettera tamburata)
rimessa anche questa 1/6 parte ai 3 Memurim in Taphet (cosa che sempre
rimaneva dubiosa nel V. conto) avrete dunque la bontà di far portare
adesso delle 883 Fallari a rimettere ora, tante Fallari che potrebbero essere
rimesse più di 243 Fallari ai detti 3 Memurim, sendo dunque
di rimetterli tante Fallari di meno, ma mandar da Tebaria la med.
esima somma a sottrarre dalle 883 Fallari, steso di sia qualche cosa di
più o di meno della detta somma di 48 1/4 Fallari, ed in questo ultima
caso vorrete anche cambiar la scrittura dell'ammontare di sopra la
lettera N. 3, per farla eguale alla vera rimessa che vada da Tebaria.
Notabene, di non troppo pena, pel vostro corrispondente di far rimessa
diretta da Tebaria, potrebbe dunque mandar anche questo danaro
colla lettera N. 3 al signor Rab. Jacob Tebi Hakohen, da Taphet, perché
li faccia egli immediatamente da Tebaria, in questo caso Rab. Tebi Hakohen
gli dara quietanza, ma in caso di rimessa diretta, la quietanza
deve essere data dal signor Rabbino Salomon Hob in Tebaria.

E finalmente 335 Kais. Fallari assieme all' inchiusa lettera N. 4
al signor Rabbino Israel, Memorandum de Kolal Mkenaim detto
Prushim da Taphet

facendovi dare perimente quietanza da lui incontro.
Vorrete ancora raccomandare al V. corrispondente di curare che sia subito
tenute date alcuna parte del danaro al suo destino separato in mani del differente
signore prescritto di sopra, e salvo il solo detto caso per dare anche il danaro
per Tebaria in mani del signor Rab. Jacob Tebi Hakohen, che non si faccia punto
così col danaro pel Rab. Israel, ma che egli ultimo riceva la sua in mani
proprii.

Aspettiamo sopra questa la cara vostra risposta col conto specifico e N. augu.
vamo le benedizioni del buon Dio.

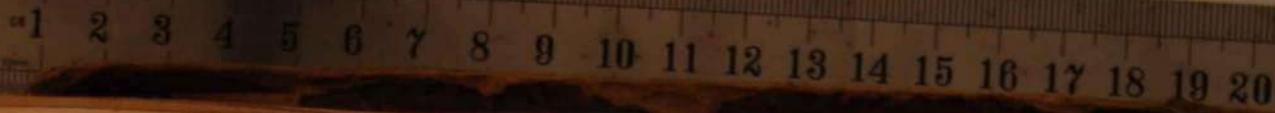
Pekibim ed Amarkibim X. 12

Handwritten text in Hebrew script, likely a translation or continuation of the letter's content.

Ein Verzeichnis der Bücher
 die in der Bibliothek
 der Universität
 zu Göttingen
 befindlich sind
 Anno 1711
 In der ersten Klasse
 befinden sich
 1. Theologie
 2. Rechte
 3. Medicin
 4. Philosophie
 5. Historie
 6. Poetik
 7. Mathematica
 8. Naturgeschichte
 9. Physic
 10. Astronomie
 11. Geographie
 12. Chronologie
 13. Cosmologie
 14. Mineralogica
 15. Zoologica
 16. Botanica
 17. Architectura
 18. Mechanica
 19. Musica
 20. Poetice
 21. Oratorice
 22. Historice
 23. Mathematicae
 24. Physico-mathematicae
 25. Astronomicae
 26. Geographicae
 27. Chronologicae
 28. Cosmologicae
 29. Mineralogicae
 30. Zoologicae
 31. Botanicae
 32. Architecturae
 33. Mechanicae
 34. Musicae
 35. Poeticae
 36. Oratoricae
 37. Historicae
 38. Mathematicae
 39. Physico-mathematicae
 40. Astronomicae
 41. Geographicae
 42. Chronologicae
 43. Cosmologicae
 44. Mineralogicae
 45. Zoologicae
 46. Botanicae
 47. Architecturae
 48. Mechanicae
 49. Musicae
 50. Poeticae
 51. Oratoricae
 52. Historicae

Ein Verzeichnis der Bücher
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 der Universität
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 Anno 1711
 In der zweiten Klasse
 befinden sich
 1. Theologie
 2. Rechte
 3. Medicin
 4. Philosophie
 5. Historie
 6. Poetik
 7. Mathematica
 8. Naturgeschichte
 9. Physic
 10. Astronomie
 11. Geographie
 12. Chronologie
 13. Cosmologie
 14. Mineralogica
 15. Zoologica
 16. Botanica
 17. Architectura
 18. Mechanica
 19. Musica
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 51. Oratoricae
 52. Historicae





Handwritten text in Hebrew script, likely a religious or philosophical treatise. It begins with a large initial letter 'א' and continues with several lines of dense text. The handwriting is in an older form of Hebrew script.

אחד ואלו הם

בין השמים

A section of handwritten text in Hebrew script, appearing to be a list or a series of numbered points. The text is written in a similar style to the rest of the page.

[Handwritten text, likely bleed-through from the reverse side. The text is dense and covers most of the page.]

[Vertical handwritten text on the right margin, possibly a list or index of names and dates.]



Only will be necessary for the Commission of the Holy Land in London
 to be in a position to give a full and complete answer to the
 questions which are now being put forward by the Committee
 of the Holy Land. It is true, our quality and administration, as
 Rhedim and Amertelin of the four holy Cities, existing now
 more than 20 years, an entertainment and correspondence
 between us should have been first commenced by
 your side; nevertheless our only aim and hope being that a
 peaceful issue for the Holy Land might perhaps be brought
 forth by the same, we rather leave ceremonies by way of
 a preferable indulgence on this subject. In fact we cannot
 know exactly the material topic we are to entertain
 you about, because we do not conceive well the very
 purpose of several matters which the said Hacham
 delish appointed us. However, as we have now from
 our side made a beginning, we request you will have
 the goodness to let us know the matter whereabout
 you want to be informed and most willingly we will
 answer whatsoever may be possible and afford
 benefactory fruits for our said brethren in the Holy Land.
 We beg to agree, Gentlemen! our best respects.

London 29 July 1720

1720

Messrs. Jehuda Gedalia
 Salomon Montefiore
 Samuel ben Simeon

Rhedim of the Portuguese Jews of the Holy Land
 in London

Gentlemen!

According to an apply of the venerable Hacham delish from Jerusalem
 who requested us doing so, we have the honor of entering into a
 correspondence with you in behalf and favor of our brethren in the Holy Land.
 It is true, our quality and administration, as Rhedim and Amertelin
 of the four holy Cities, existing now more than 20 years, an entertainment
 and correspondence between us should have been first commenced by
 your side; nevertheless our only aim and hope being that a peaceful
 issue for the Holy Land might perhaps be brought forth by the same, we
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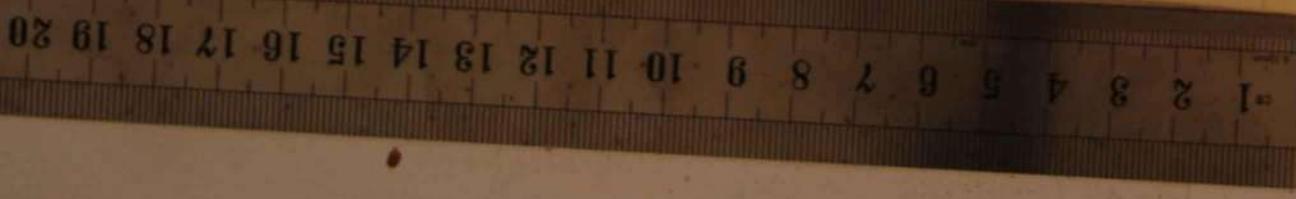
We beg to agree, Gentlemen! our best respects.

London 29 July 1720

1720

Mr. Doctor Mauley
 London

The Committee of the Holy Land
 (Committee)
 London





היהו לרבותם ביום חמישי ונתן הכסף שבתם יתנו חלקם ביום ונתן להם חלקם ליום ונתן להם חלקם

על כן אמר ראובן וכו' ונתן להם חלקם ליום ונתן להם חלקם ליום ונתן להם חלקם ליום

על כן אמר ראובן וכו' ונתן להם חלקם ליום ונתן להם חלקם ליום ונתן להם חלקם ליום

על כן אמר ראובן וכו' ונתן להם חלקם ליום ונתן להם חלקם ליום ונתן להם חלקם ליום

על כן אמר ראובן וכו' ונתן להם חלקם ליום ונתן להם חלקם ליום ונתן להם חלקם ליום

על כן אמר ראובן וכו' ונתן להם חלקם ליום ונתן להם חלקם ליום ונתן להם חלקם ליום

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do not incline to accept our said invitation, provided you have first seen copies of the said documents, we will then let you have them.

I however am sorry to learn, that this is not the very circumstance of difficulty, but another one, viz. an impression, Mr. Samson's fondness, mischievous stories have equally made on you, wherefore, instead of answering to my proposition, you arise many questions, as may derive from Mr. S's said stories.

I have, it is true, amply entertained already last week your member and secretary and again last Monday privately your member Doctor Mauley (a friend of mine) advised me to do so for the furtherance of the matter, as Mr. Mauley frequently sees Mr. S. and may perhaps be able to mend Mr. S's opinion against the Sephardim, notwithstanding I will also shortly and compendiously reply to your several questions in the same order they are uttered:

1. Mr. Samson's tale, that the Portug. Rabanim & Hachamin be rich, is beyond truth and falsified by his own contradictory letter to me, telling he did not say but that they received the whole amount, and don't make reputation there but to the Hachamin amongst them. And of course they are right to do so, as I explained it by my letter to D. Mauley.
2. Mr. S's argument that they don't pay a part to the Ashkenazim, is again wrong, because an agreement is made in Jerusalem to give to the Ashkenazim 1/2 part of what is coming from Italy and from the Portugues of France, England and Holland. They have sent me as a messenger Rabbi Salomon Ashkenazi from Jerusalem, who without doubt will come for me myself to your Portug. inhabitants, and my reply will then be justified. And besides a part of the money, the Ashkenazim receive also on a day or two by their part from several boxes, and also from the sermons on the holy septuagint of our mother Rachel, where always one Talmid Hachamin of the Ashkenazim attends the company; a vindicating proof of this latter I have by scriptures from the Ashkenazim in the H. themselves, as well from the Haspidim as also from them called Perushim. The said Messengers received also a sufficient power from the Ashkenazim Haspidim and Perushim of Kefhat, when coming, he equally made an agreement with the Portugues Messengers he met with in Italy; and without question there will also be made such agreements for Hebron and Tiberias.
3. In all the H. together the number of unfortunate German Jews (Ashkenazim) is, may Heaven bless and multiply them! already 1200 or more.
4. The number of Portug. Jews (Sephardim) we don't know, as it has never been hinted in our administration, like I clearly explained it by my letter to D. Mauley. Please also pay attention to my Observation in the said letter to him, that the Sephardim, though charged by a smaller number of poor men, are however to pay every year very large taxes and Dividends, and submitted to the most arbitrary extraordinary unlimited impositions, chiefly the Portug. Jews of Jerusalem, we have been appointed they must pay, no less than 40000 Gosh of Turkey, as an annual tax, and besides it is known that A. M. 5585, when the Pasha came to Jerusalem, the Sephardim were oblig'd to an extraordinary payment of 20000 Gosh, and at the same time, after having emptied the Sephardim, he made the venerable Chief Rabbi of the Ashkenazim a prisoner, with the aim of making also the Ashkenazim pay him, but they escaped by the help of

the Spanish Councillor, who formerly objected to the Pacha, it being quite large in the laws to imprison strangers. From whence derives such a relation between the Askaniim and the said Councillor, could be simply told, but it is sufficient to observe it truly happened thus. — In A. M. 5888 the Sephardim have been again imposed for 30000 gosh, and lately in Mesaram of this Year for 60000. The Askaniim have with the help of the hood escaped on the footing of being Strangers foreigners.

5. The mischievous Stories many tells, that a German Jew had left a Capital which the Sephardim unjudiciously should have taken possession of, till the Councillor came between it. — I willingly lay for the truth of such a tale. And what shall I say more? May I only name the man and Circumstances and I could give you a more explicit answer.

6. What he continues to tell, that the Sephardim behave like Jesuits is a vindictive proof to which Calumnies he is apt! It is according to institutions of former Holy Rabanim and Hachamim, that he who arrives there with money and dies without leaving children, or heirs in the H. his money gets a propriety of the congregation. The Askaniim of Lefchat and Tiberias must, till they became a separate congregation, submit themselves to this institution, from thence their hate against the Sephardim; nevertheless it is founded on legal former institutions and it is commonly known that every foreigner, or a foreigner who establish themselves on another congregation, are obliged to submit themselves to the institutions of this. Lately the Askaniim called Maspidim maintained this same institution in favor of their German congregation, and we are aware that this congregation became a pie for 50000 Gosh from 200 individuals who, alas, die on the pest of A. M. 5888 (may Heaven favor them!)

For the remainder I observe, that notwithstanding several Askaniim may undoubtedly have burdened those calumniating Stories on Mr. J. and artist his wrong opinions, which behaviour of them I by no means assent to, I have however made already to Dr. Manly, their apology that men can fail or sin by dint of proper Interest.

But the manifold exasperations of Mr. J. and his suppletorial wrong tells, do not merely derive from what's told to him, but from other circumstances 1.) on account he knows not to estimate the value of the Porphy. Masbam. 2.) as he boldly had promised to the Askaniim that ardan, as he arrives home he will care for the necessary amount for paying their debts, also for the bags they want every Year, &c. &c. — Now, in order to fulfill his bold promises, he endeavors to exclude the Sephardim and to bestow every effort for the Askaniim alone. Should he (God forbid it!) reach this aim, he might go further and prefer only such Askaniim he had seen intimates with! (this lays yet treasured in him) —

In fact I am very sorry for him, because I am not ungrateful, neither in quality, for benefactions supports an individual bestows on the poor, nor we administrate, and let us therefore not forget the abundant charities of his own self in the H. and £103 Sterling he remitted to myself for this good purpose; this however does not rectify his calumnies against the Sephardim and cannot balance the evil.

I hope that, by dint of all my Association

והנה אלה המעשים אשר עשה לנו ה' אלהינו ביום הזה... ואלה המעשים אשר עשה לנו ה' אלהינו ביום הזה...

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אמר ה' אלהינו

אמר ה' אלהינו... ואלה המעשים אשר עשה לנו ה' אלהינו ביום הזה... ואלה המעשים אשר עשה לנו ה' אלהינו ביום הזה...

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Mr. A. Samuel
London

Main body of handwritten text, consisting of several paragraphs in a cursive script, likely a letter or document.

Handwritten text at the bottom of the page, possibly a signature or a closing note.

Vertical handwritten text on the right edge of the page, possibly bleed-through from the reverse side.



senza scrivo ad al Rabbino in Presburgo ed a noi. Da parte nostra ne scrivemo
 anche al Rabbino in Presburgo, che ci faceva pronto riscontro e ci mandava anch
 la lettera che n'aveva ricevuta dal Rabbino Mracl, da cui vediamo che il detto
 Rabbino Mracl riconosceva egli stesso, che era fra il danaro anch'erimess del
 Rabbino da Uchel, ma pretendeva che in conseguenza d'una convenzione fatta
 fra le parti, i Perushim potessero aspirarvi. Per vero dire, non
 andiamo nemmeno sopra questo d'accordo col Rab. Mracl, ma è cosa
 che non tocca qui. Usualmente veniamo pregati e informati quanto
 era fra la totata rimessa di 1036 Pallari involtrata, l'ammontare da voi
 l'aspirarvi che n'è di sopra il persuadervi voi stessi dalla verità, perchè
 si è vero che appena possiamo immaginare le possibilità che qualcheuno
 potrebbe falsificar in tal guisa la vostra stima ed amicizia, che sarebbe
 in voi nome di spiccioloni arbitrarie da danari consacrati a certi proveri
 mediante il vostro Asseris, facendoli spediti altrettanto che seguente il
 destino del mandatore, non è però meno vero che ci è dichiarata
 la cosa fatta così, e si era stato scoperto per caso della peste (1500 come
 quarti!) dominata in Aera che cagionava il appiere delle lettere
 che erano così le circostanze della cosa intese col Signor Juda Brandeburg
 che era scriba in questa materia. E dunque che per ripetizioni vi
 osserviamo che varrete persuadervi voi stessi, quanto fa, fra il danaro
 spedito, l'ammontare dal Rabbino da Uchel, che era solamente mandata
 pel destino del Kהל Masfidim di Saphet e Tabaria.

Stesso ci scrive il signor Rabbino da Presburgo che n'aveva rimesso il
 suo danaro per involtrarne solamente ad alcuni la parte che gli tocca,
 e fuori tutto ciò, l'ammontare separata che egli vi rimetteva nella vedova
 ed ereditari del Rabbino Amram da Ongaria, sulla quale si trovano
 reclamazioni dai creditori, egli n'aveva pregato di guardar ancora
 la detta somma da voi deposita finchè egli bene vedesse più tardi l'ordine
 di spedirla, ma in questo malgrado n'è servato stato irritato ed avvele arbitrariamente nella
 spedito questo affare a tutto l'altro danaro al signor Rabbino Mracl, coll'ordine che la
 somma per Kהלelim sia partigata in Metà e Metà. Ma noi ci facevamo riscontro
 che lontanissimo che n'è, anzi conosciamo sincero ed onest uomo, probito e committente
 una tale ingiustizia, ma quanto siamo avvisati, per signor Brandeburg il Colonnello,
 noi non conosciamo questo signor e non sappiamo se per propria interesse o da
 odio incontro il Kהל Masfidim, ovvero se affettivamente per la sua sua cagione
 la cosa; nondimeno ed anzi cioè che aviamo veduto dalle lettere e che hanno scritto i
 Membrini del Kהל Masfidim tutto questo a voi stessi. Vi pregamo di farvi informate
 anche da questo e di voler comunicarci il risultato se si trova la verità delle dette
 circostanze, è d'uopo carabynare? (benchè non n'è bisogno il nostro consiglio) che per l'amm
 non impiegate più il detto signor a questi affari benefattori. Mentre vi saremo
 moltissimo obligati, e noi ve ne preghiamo, di farvi comunicazioni di tutto ciò che vi
 passate tocante la materia, perchè possiamo manifestar la cosa questa. Non è mai
 da noi niuna parzialità, amiamo tutti nostri fratelli, e ci interponiamo per tutti iabi
 tano Terrasanta con Kelo uguale e per Sphardim e popoli Tokanaim, e parimenti per
 Perushim quanto per Masfidim, è dunque per questi ragioni che non possiamo soffrir
 niuna ingiustizia, ma ci offriamo sempre perche sia pace e giustizia in Terrasanta.

Al approssimar del nuovo anno vi auguramo ogni beniere desiderabile che il Cielo
 vuol farvi godere tutto seguente e vostri buoni voti, che sempre potrete sperare
 molto bene ad atti benefattori, e che stato favorito da ogni prosperità
 temporaria e perpetua. G. p.

Handwritten notes in the right margin, including names and dates, partially obscured and difficult to read.

Handwritten notes in the right margin, including names like 'Avia', 'Sphard', 'Perushim', and 'Masfidim', along with other illegible text.



Handwritten header text in German script.

Handwritten header text in German script.

Handwritten text block at the top of the page.

Main body of handwritten text in German script, consisting of several paragraphs.

Handwritten signature or name at the bottom left.

Handwritten signature or name at the bottom right.

Handwritten text between the two signatures.

Bottom section of handwritten text, possibly a list or notes.

Handwritten text at the top of the page, possibly a title or header, written in a cursive script.

Handwritten text, possibly a name or address, written in a cursive script.

Herrn Burg woldge
in Berlin

Main body of handwritten text, consisting of several paragraphs in a cursive script, likely a letter or a formal document.

Mr A. Samson
London.

L. D. Amsterdam 6 Febr. 1792
13 Sept.

Sir!

I directed replying to Your favor of the 6th Inst. in order it may come to Your hands before the next Holy day, perhaps this sacred period may contribute to the impression my former observations want to make on Your heart. I on purpose reviewed in the English language, in order You know to read it Yourself, as I am aware that my letters in the German or Jewish tongue did not reach their aim with You.

I will not amplify about obiding the tenor of Yours and about appointing how Your former of 28 Feb. has really been full of pride and how wrong a part of your following letter of 12 August was. I want only to endeavor You again most softly, and to make You attentive that in behalf of the Holyland matter You are brought to the point of mistakes. You have solemnly promised not to forget our poor brethren in the Holyland and still You say to apply all efforts in their behalf, but Your mistaking idea produced a certain wrong. You and Your angry expressions against the venerable Portuguese Machaninim in the Holyland, intending by this way to further the well and profit of the Ashkenazim, however You have put nothing to execution, you did not anything for the unfortunates. If You had followed my advice, You would in the interim have collected already a sum whereof the Ashkenazim would have received more than 400 parts and so You could have at a certain degree practiced what you formerly promised; but now there? Months since You were here, You practiced not the least thing but only endeavored to prejudice the venerable ^{Portuguese} Machaninim. At present Yourself by testimoniums from the H. L., whilst the poor do not profit any thing, and even henceforth if (I do not expect it) You remain insisting upon it, I predict You they will have not the least profit by it, and what will become then of the fulfilling of Your holy promises and solemn obligations towards them, swearing that Heaven may forget You if You will forget them!

I mean You want only the satisfactory justification that You did not tell such stories from Your own and that the Ashkenazim without or a part of them made objections to You on the behavior of the Sephardim, I am ready to assure You are right and I did so already, but never with the intention of acting in consequence to what is told ungroundedly and without reason, and to exclude the venerable Sephardim (whom amongst there are the High vener Rabanim and Ladikim) in order they may participate no more in the products of the English Kedala for the H. L.

Neither the document You have ordered for from the H. L. cannot and will not have such a consequence, because nobody will be fool or partial enough to judge on the witness of a part only. I have observed to You that You have been intimated and that You should rather have listened to me, who have an experience of 20 Years in this behalf. You supposed however in the H. L.; nevertheless Your own last letter proves the contrary, because You refer:

1^o. to the letter from Jerusalem, which, with the stamp of the Congregation,

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20

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was put there in Your hands by the German Rabanim; this letter is undoubtedly
most faithful and I am at every moment ready to confirm the same, but
contents nothing a syllable in prejudice of the Polish, Magharian, neither in
Jerusalem alone, nor in all the W.L. in general, and do not testify anything of
whatsoever You have published against the Sephardim. Nevertheless I of course
believe You that, by way of conversation, the Rabanim may perhaps have uttered
objections against the Polish Jews on account of former times, but not
on account of actual behaviour and by no means for the purpose of making
them excluded from the charities of England, like I can prove You also by a
letter from Rabbi Aroji (well known with You), who communicates us
as at present.

2. You refer to what is told You (I verbally copy Your argument) that Rabbi
Salomon Spira is the person who caused all that misfortune on
account of the arrangement he had made with us about the repatriation
of the money. (I avoid copying the remainder, being too black in my eyes)
This however proves much more how little acquainted You are with the
matter, You have absolutely not been told this by all the Ashkenasim, certainly
not by those of Jerusalem neither of Hebron, but only by the Magharian
of Tzfat and Tebaria; and by no means it concerns the Sephardim,
but the only repatriation of the total sum which, after deduction of the
part for the Sephardim, remains disposed for the Ashkenasim, and from
which subdivisions are then made between the different German congregations
and with respect to this, we then made an arrangement with the honest and virtuous
Salomon Spira is that the different predominant parties will appoint their diffidends and
reasons before Fructus judges near to the W.L. and that by the judgement of those the
repatriation will henceforth be fixed or they will make pacific agreements among
themselves. This later was really the case in Ahar 5589 in Jerusalem, by way
of a due act underscribed by the Rabanim Mummim of all the different German
Congregations in the W.L. and in which act is appointed also the part which all the
Sephardim receive. Very wrong therefore are those inhabitants of the W.L. who
opposed themselves against this arrangement and would move You to occasion-
ing the repatriation. As for us, such wrong proposals are not accepted with
us, but for Your sake, the undertakers in the W.L. finding in You person (They pardon
for the expression) a man quite ignorant in those matters, they corrupted You by such
proposals. Nevertheless I don't take it amiss to them, because poverty and
privations of the congregations push them to mistakes, and they supposed to do well
by pleading for proper interest, to intimate You in their favor; but as You are an
expert man in the world, You ought to distinguish between him who speaks
for proper interest or for that of his congregations, and him who, for only sake
of charity and of what pleases God, occupies himself in the matter and will surely
deny nobody, in what is disposed for him.

For Your own well and in order You will not lose this great Mizwa; I therefore
repeat Your my advice to turn off from Your opposition, not to be with holded
from doing to an account of Your ambition of fulfilling what You said over
but to join the Committee in amicable union. I am ready to be a mediator
for this good purpose; but to appear with You on a meeting opposite to the
Committee, this I cannot do at all, which You ought to be convinced of Yourself.
For making peace and Harmony however You will find me most willingly;

and I hope you will accept and follow my good advice.
I duly received your letter and will care the necessary with it according to
your orders. I mean to recollect, the father of the child you were
of, was a Rentier - man, if not so, be so kind to let me know it, as
I ought to pay myself about the direction of the money.

At the entrance of the new year I wish you every wellfare and
prosperity; that your behaviour may please the Almighty, and that
you may at every time remind the golden principle of the final words
of Kohleth.

1. The end of every thing occurs to the understanding. fear the Lord and
2. Observe his precriptions, because this is the very destination of mankind.
Pay the most possible attention to those few but very consequent words,
it is for your own happiness and fortune that such an attention is
recommended to you by
Your humble servant and friend.

Handwritten text in Hebrew script, likely a letter or document, written in a cursive style. It contains several lines of text, some of which are enclosed in a rectangular box. The text appears to be a formal communication, possibly related to the English text above.

Handwritten text in Hebrew script, continuing the letter or document. It contains several lines of text, some of which are enclosed in a rectangular box. The text appears to be a formal communication, possibly related to the English text above.





Handwritten text in a cursive script, likely a letter or a page from a manuscript. The text is dense and fills most of the page.

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Handwritten text, possibly a date or a specific reference.

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Handwritten text, possibly a date or a specific reference.

Handwritten text in a cursive script, likely a letter or a page from a manuscript. The text is dense and fills most of the page.

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Handwritten text, possibly a date or a specific reference.

Handwritten text in a cursive script, likely a letter or a page from a manuscript. The text is dense and fills most of the page.

Handwritten text at the bottom of the page, possibly a date or a specific reference.

הנהגה נכונה. ומה שכתבתי לך ביום שבת האחרון כי יצאנו מן המצרים ויהי לנו אלהים אחד. ומה שכתבתי לך ביום ראשון האחרון כי יצאנו מן המצרים ויהי לנו אלהים אחד. ומה שכתבתי לך ביום שבת האחרון כי יצאנו מן המצרים ויהי לנו אלהים אחד.

והנהגה נכונה. ומה שכתבתי לך ביום שבת האחרון כי יצאנו מן המצרים ויהי לנו אלהים אחד. ומה שכתבתי לך ביום ראשון האחרון כי יצאנו מן המצרים ויהי לנו אלהים אחד. ומה שכתבתי לך ביום שבת האחרון כי יצאנו מן המצרים ויהי לנו אלהים אחד.

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Handwritten notes in the right margin, including the word 'דבר' at the top and various smaller fragments of text.



אברהם אבינו

(הוא אברהם אבינו ויפתח בזה חסד ורחמים ויגלה לנו סודותיו ויגלה לנו סודותיו)

בזה אברהם אבינו ויפתח בזה חסד ורחמים ויגלה לנו סודותיו ויגלה לנו סודותיו

והוא אברהם אבינו ויפתח בזה חסד ורחמים ויגלה לנו סודותיו ויגלה לנו סודותיו

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11 October 1831

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D. J. Manly Esq
London

Sir!

In respectfull reply to Your favor of 4 Inst. I feel very sorry for its not being at the present moment convenient to me to come to London. I am not exactly of Your opinion that the aim of my voyage would be for sake of entering into Verbal conversations with Mr. S. by no means, because comparing him and his opinion would be a vain attempt; all his letters do not betray but pride and arrogance, and he is not apt to any vindication or correction. Only I would have felt happy to entertain myself with You and the other Members of our Committee, in order to make them more plainly informed of everything, as I chiefly learn by Your favor that neither Yourself, Dear Friends, are yet fully convinced of the right and true footing of my observations, that our Portuguese brethren in the Holy Land must neither be excluded from English collections but the same divisions to be observed like it is with our general collection. If You were indeed fully convinced of it, how could You bear to be told by such a calumniating and insulting Historiographer like You write, that You have Your information from parties who from circumstances are compelled to say as You wish!!!

I like to believe this be a fault of scripture, were it should be named "as the Sephardim wish" in the opposite case, it is the most infamous and mean expression that for sake of my pleasure the Ashkenazim would be compelled to give favorable informations about the Sephardim!! - This calumniating sentence is really too mean and mischievous, than I should get angry for it, and if You had better recollected the tenor of my Hebrew letter to You and that of my amplified statement to our Committee, You would have found it of too much consequence than to be so unmerciful at to name it, or would You have made a comparison between my argument and his. The tenor of his argument against me, is already sufficiently proved by my former letter, stating that the actual title the Ashkenazim have to the Hideslay of our collections, is (with the help of the Law) to be alluded to my endeavors only and God knows that I have not the least sinister purpose by maintaining also the title of the Sephardim to our arrangement, but merely that of right and justice and to save peace and harmony in the W. But for that arrogant and ignorant man, he has no regard for a phylactery and believes on account of his being rich and giving much alms, to be entitled to every thing, and makes now false comparisons, as he has and conceived the poverty of the Ashkenazim. The portug. Machanims, who appear well dressed, are at the same time sensible and venerable men, this he does not conceive at all, and that a noble appearance suits to their age, is all quite beyond his small conception; with the Ashkenazim however he has more spiritual poverty, and undoubtedly those poor men, regarding him as a rich man, overburdened him with tales. He therefore made thousand promises to them, that he will care for the annual beggs as also for the payment of their debts, and as he does not like to pay all this by his own cash, he must endeavor to exclude the Sephardim in order to fulfill his promises. If with respect to this latter argument I perhaps offend him too much (although he deserves not to be so) it needs not be true, what I formerly said, that he did not hear but one party. I, on the contrary, have him to many Years heard all and every parties said (notwithstanding he puts with my experience of 30 Years and though I don't like to bring myself down to measuring with him) remain insisting that I am by dint of experience better informed of everything, and every body may trust on my advice being founded

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and not an ministerial view in order to make a bold appearance.

As for his observation, that it was a breach of confidence in me to make his private correspondence known, You could have given him a better answer, viz. that it was a great brutality in him to insult and defame the Committee, where my own brother in law and his brother are members of. Now in order to convince You that I did not break confidence and that he tells untruth, I must tell You that I did not communicate his words as wrong as he had written them; he insulted the individual members of the Committee and said besides they are annexed both to the most small and insignificant town in London, I however did not hint about the latter phrase I would have kept an entire discretion on the subject (as usual with my character thank God); but as it was formerly doubted in London whether there lays perhaps some truth in his tales or not, I wanted only to show in a manner, to what a degree of Calumny this man is apt.

He tells me by his letter of 20 Sept. that by way of Devotion he did not publish what he had done; however he had really collected from 60 yearly subscribers from 10 shillings till £5 p annum; I donot take this at all as a proof of his Devotion, but rather as a fact of Deception, as he had said very often that he could not do as yet anything; now after my having charged him of a neglect of his promise (arised by his Calumny and lies) he communicates me the above mentioned fact; and, like You write, he has made a remittance already, undoubtedly, in order to get witnesses on his insults.

Till now I entered still amply into refuting the assertions of that arrogant Renegade we will put aside this disagreeable object; I donot I have exerted all endeavors to reestablish peace between him and our Committee; for the rest I donot care any more on his behalf.

You that he does our Cause much injury, certainly You cannot do any more but to use all Your efforts. Nevertheless I feel surprisid by the following circumstance, as I ever heard and still continually hear the venerable W. Pitt to stand in considerable reputation, why his person could not therefore outdo the impression made by S. 2; Mr. Rothwells will without doubt not join S, why his family and Dependants would not contribute therefore to our Committee, is most astonishing! provided the only Cause our Committee does not use efforts with respect to the City but long ago this was a peculiar recommendation of mine.

Neither the committee followed my opinion concerning collecting Yearly subscribers on the footing of an annual tax, that is to say, to appoint from every one according his liberality, how much he inclines to contribute; this is what I really observed; Our Committee took only subscriptions, leaving however the choice to the subscriber Yearly to pay how much he pleases, on such a way there can never be calculated a certain quantum which stands receivable; and each Caprice arising in the subscribers head affords a diminution of his contribution. Would our Committee follow with respect to this my advice and bestow also endeavors into the City, then I donot believe at all that I will be able to make injury to our Cause.

Be so kind to pay my best respects to our Committee and to that my fervent request that they may act according to my proposals and further the good Cause with earnest and real.

I remain Yours truly



Mr. Henry Solomon
London.

L.D., Amsterdam 14 November 1831
1831, 21 Oct.

Sir!

I long since wanted to give myself the pleasure of entering into a private correspondence with You in behalf of the Holy Land's matter, as well for sake of uttering my great satisfaction on account of your zealous endeavours already spent for the same, as also in order to recommend You doing so continually for so good a cause, and besides for the purpose our Committee may use the same efforts also into the City, nevertheless as I am aware You do not stay for Compliments and flatterings, I felt withholds from redacting a letter of no other material tenor.

At present however, there being really a matter on the spot, I feel happy to be able of practicing now what I wanted to do a long period ago. In the first place I bestow You my sincere thanks for, and request Your continuation of exerting the best endeavors for the H.L.; may Heaven reward Your laudable facts, bless You amidst Your worthy family with continual health and happiness, bless also Your undertakings with the best issue and make You being Your dear children living joyful and happy. Amen!

In the second place, I am to tell You that, according to a letter we have lately received from Paris, there is arrived already or will arrive yet in hand, the Messengers of the Portuguese congregation at Jerusalem, called Habbé Abraham Solomon of Jerusalem, directed to the Sephardim of England, Italy, France and Holland. This messenger being an Akenasim and according to an agreement made in Jerusalem, the Akenasim will have a part of the ~~pro~~ what the messenger produces, it is in a manner most satisfactory to me he comes to London, because his presence there will plainly and vindictely prove against a part of Mr. Sansons Calumny, which is that the Sephardim in the H.L. do not give a part also to the German inhabitants.

But on another side, I claim the attention of our Committee on the aim of the said Messengers, being to destroy at the same time the edifice we have erected since A.M. 5585, as he will also be a messenger for the Akenasim, in order to receive his considerable Commission of it. We ~~have~~ solemnly declared ourselves already against it to his mentioned Committee Congregation, and communicated it already to all the German Kehiloth annexing to our administration, like we have also made in the interim turn back other Messengers who were arrived; and to this messenger himself we have made and again made objections and reputations for his being only entitled to direct himself to the Sephardim but by no means to the Akenasim, he notwithstanding insists with brutality upon acting quite against us and will undoubtedly use all his efforts in England for the purpose. I therefore beg Your communicating it on my name to our Committee, absolutely requesting them to pay nothing to him from their collections but (like of course I expect their intention has been so till now) to remit the amount to our hands only.

With best respects also of my worthy Colleage I remain

Sir! Yours truly

